

Dicas para iniciação científica em Astrofísica no Brasil e no exterior

Prof. Dr. Jorge Meléndez

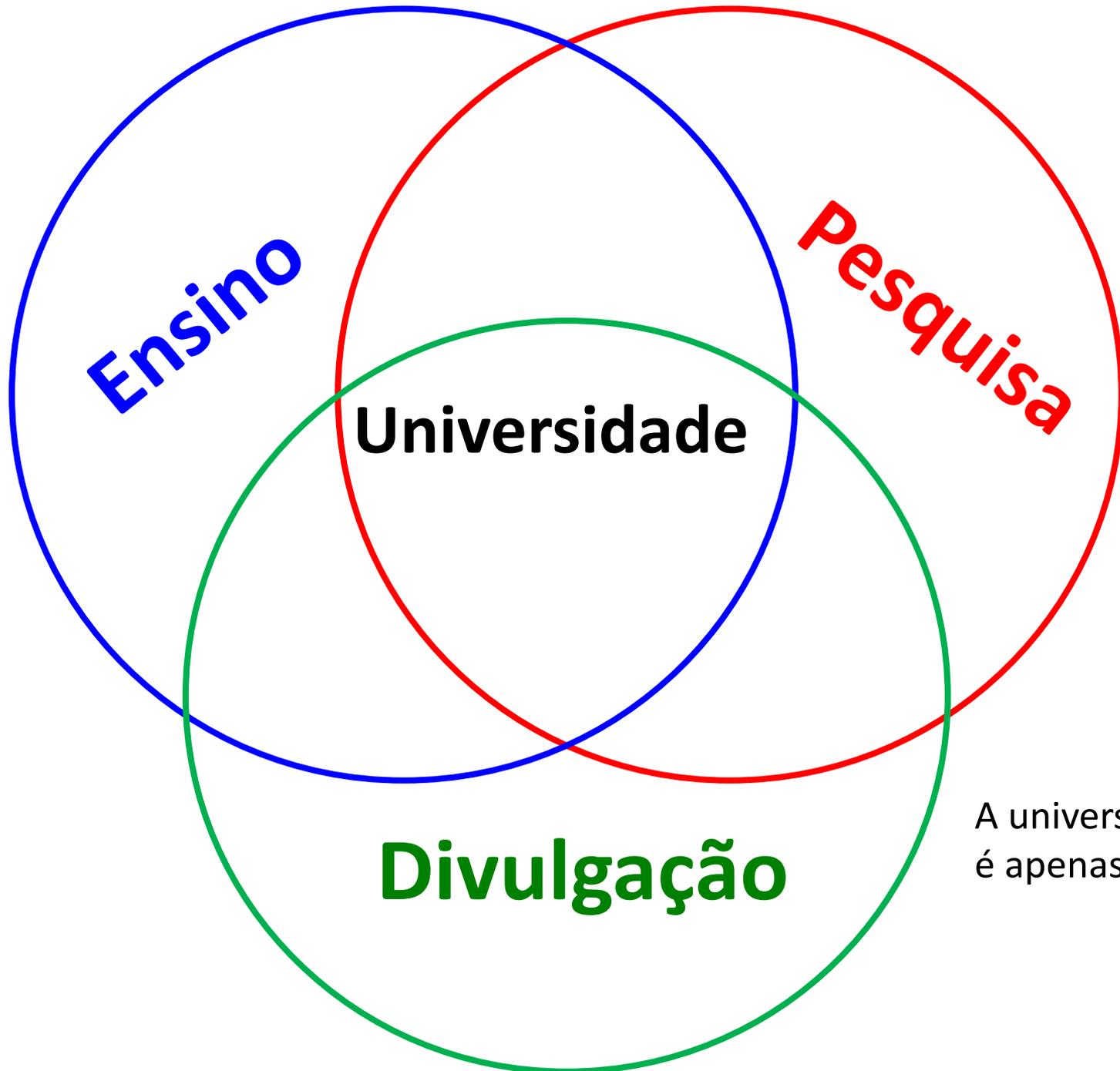
Departamento de Astronomia, IAG/USP

São Paulo, 2/2/2015

<https://twitter.com/intiwatay>

<http://pertodouniverso.blogspot.com.br>

<http://explainingtheuniverse.blogspot.com.br/>



A universidade não é apenas ensino!

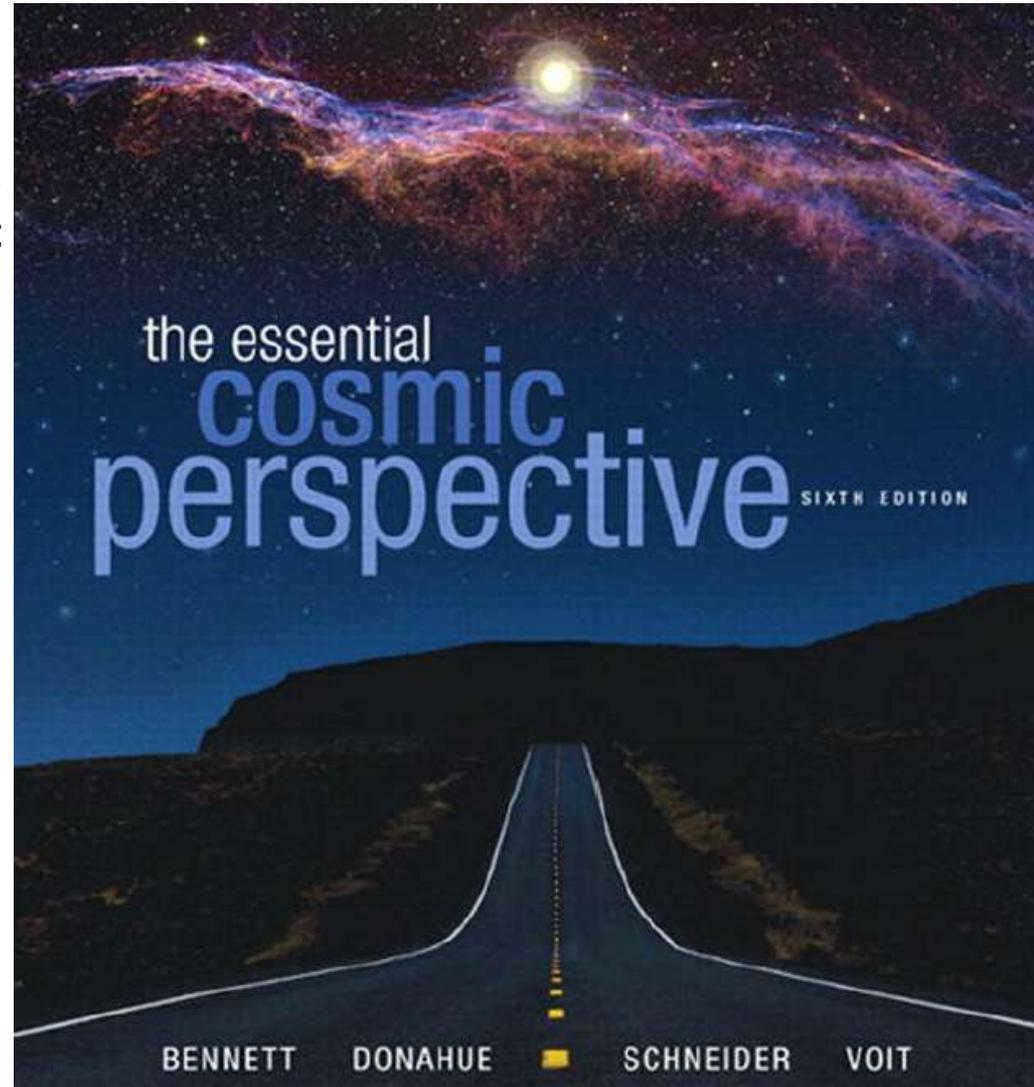
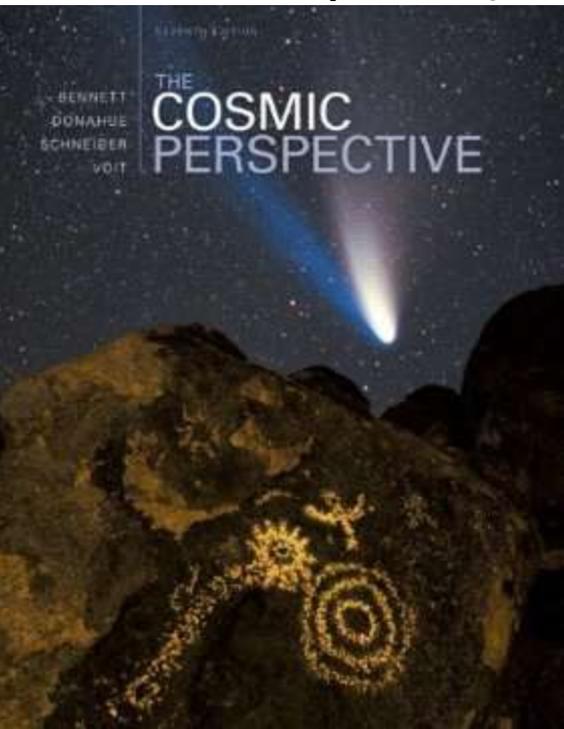
Dica #1

- Conheça melhor as diversas técnicas de estudo e as diferentes áreas da Astronomia.

The Essential Cosmic Perspective (6th Edition), 2011

Jeffrey O. Bennett, Megan O. Donahue,
Nicholas Schneider and Mark Voit

The Cosmic Perspective (7th Edition), 2013



Tipos de trabalho em Astronomia

- Pesquisa: observacional, teórica, instrumentação
- Ensino
- Divulgação
- **Se possível, tente fazer tudo junto!**

Pesquisa observacional

European Southern Observatory



Pesquisa teórica



Profa. Bete

Prof. Alex



Estudo vislumbra primeiro planeta "brasileiro"

SALVADOR NOGUEIRA

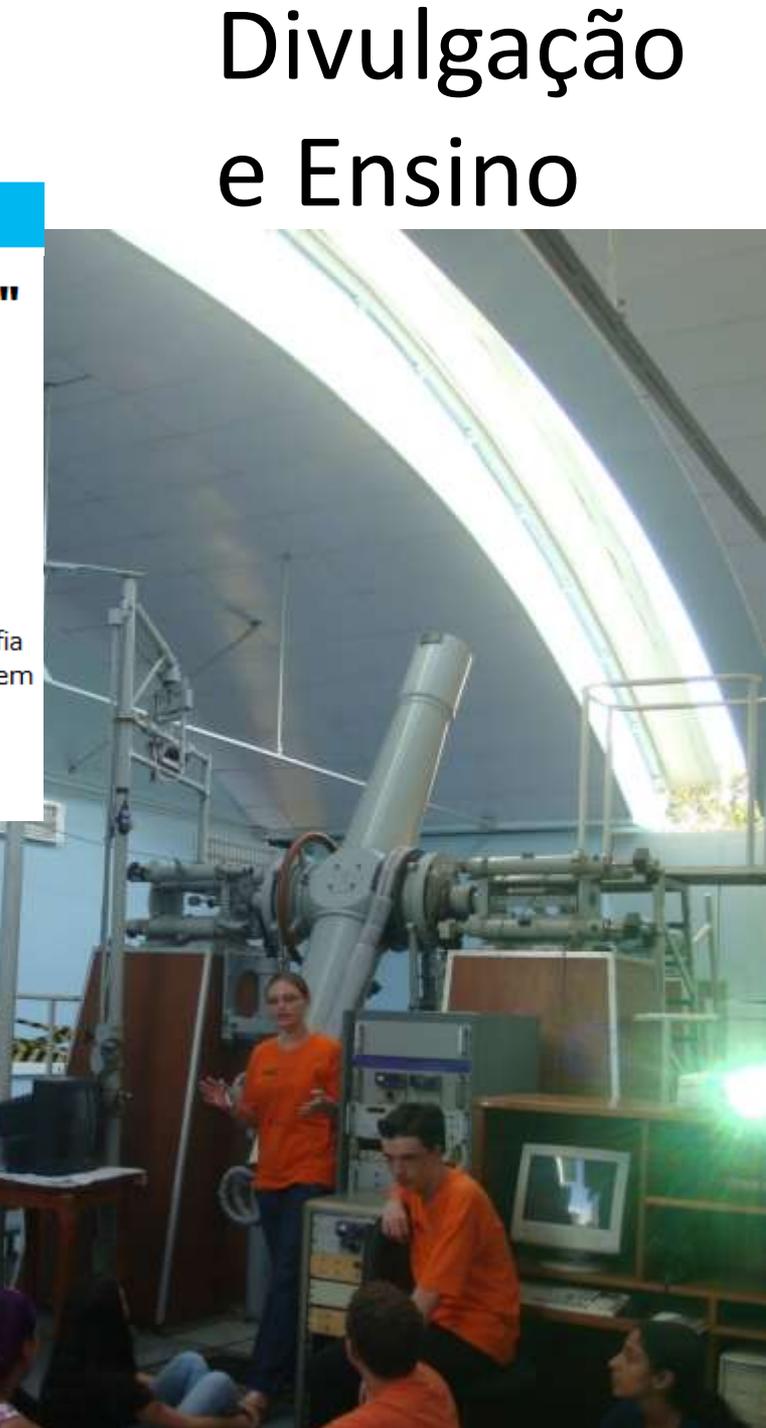
COLABORAÇÃO PARA A FOLHA

Recomendar 138 +1 5

Um grande estudo liderado por um pesquisador da Universidade de São Paulo está muito perto de encontrar os primeiros planetas "brasileiros" fora do Sistema Solar.

Jorge Meléndez, do IAG (Instituto de Astronomia, Geofísica e Ciências Atmosféricas), chefa o grupo internacional responsável pelo trabalho, que tem por objetivo decifrar como surgem as diversas arquiteturas possíveis para um sistema planetário.

Para tanto, ele obteve 88 noites de observação no telescópio de 3,6 m do ESO (Observatório Europeu do Sul) em La Silla, Chile.



Astronomia para a 3ª idade

Período
18/05 à 22/06/10
(terças e quintas-feiras),
das 14 às 16h20

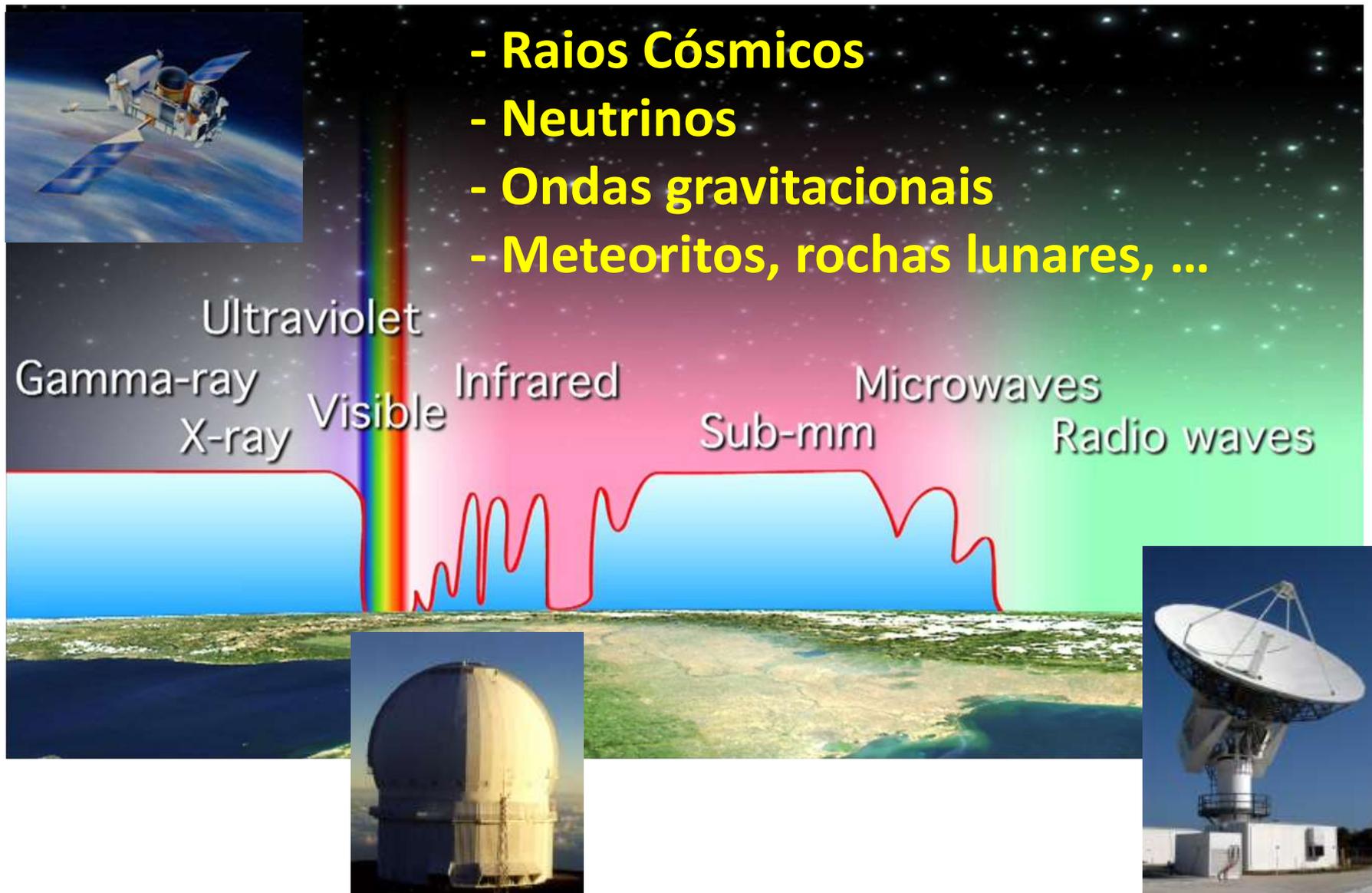
Informações e Inscrições
De 15/03 à 30/04/10
pelos telefones: 3091-2710/2814/2800
no horário comercial
(das 8 às 12h e das 13 às 17h)
www.astro.iag.usp.br/tercidade.htm

Número de vagas
50

Realização
Instituto de Astronomia, Geofísica e
Ciências Atmosféricas da
Universidade de São Paulo - IAG-USP

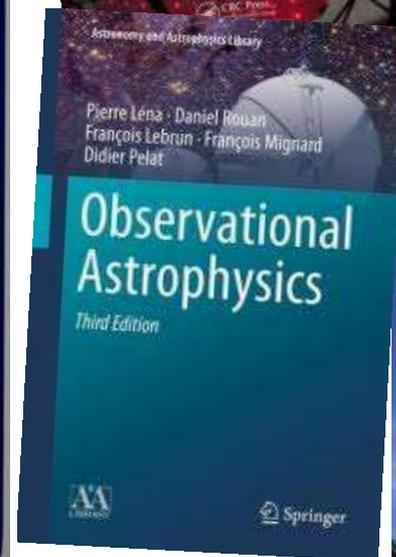
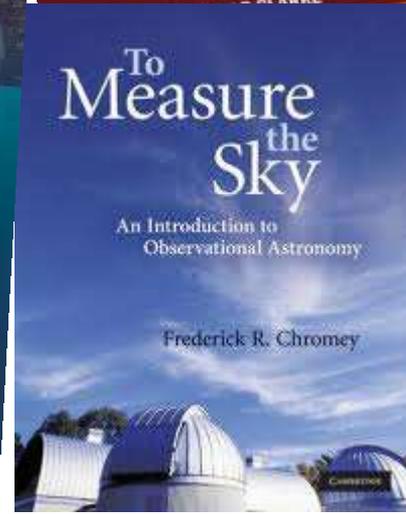
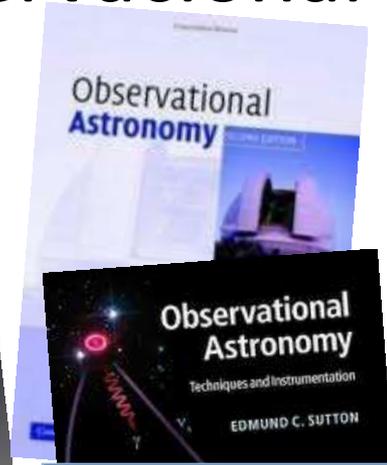
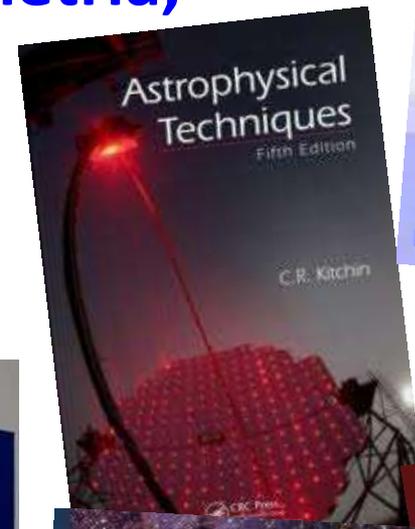
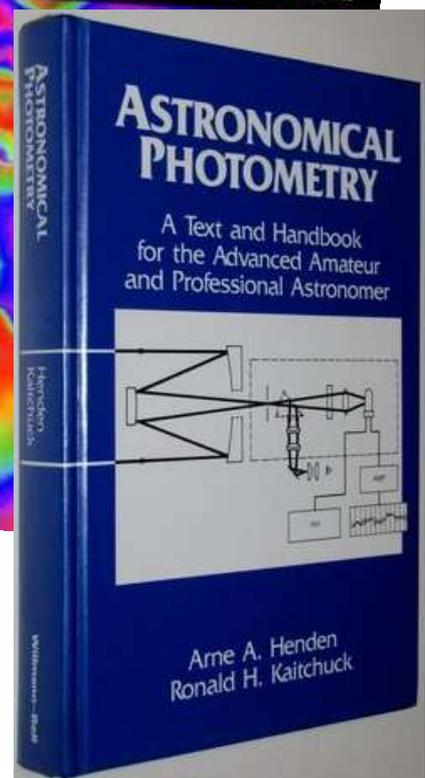
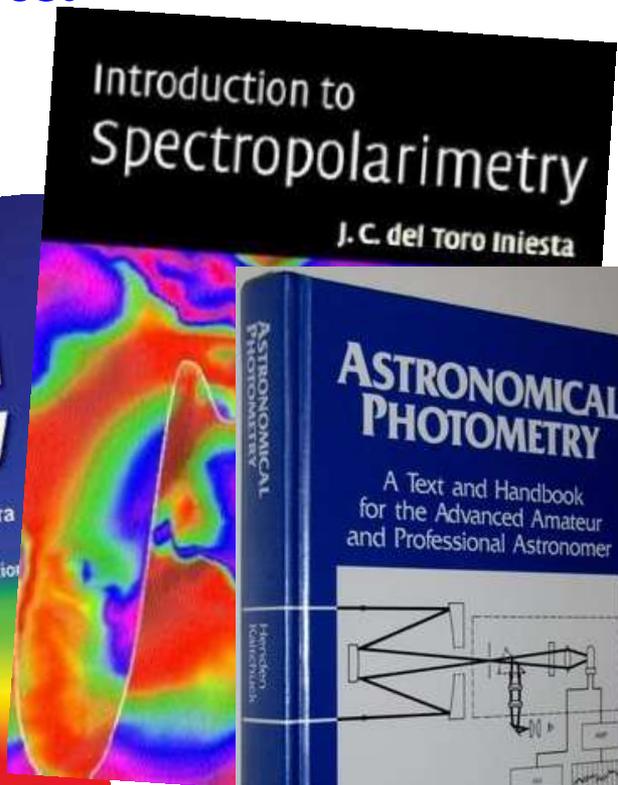
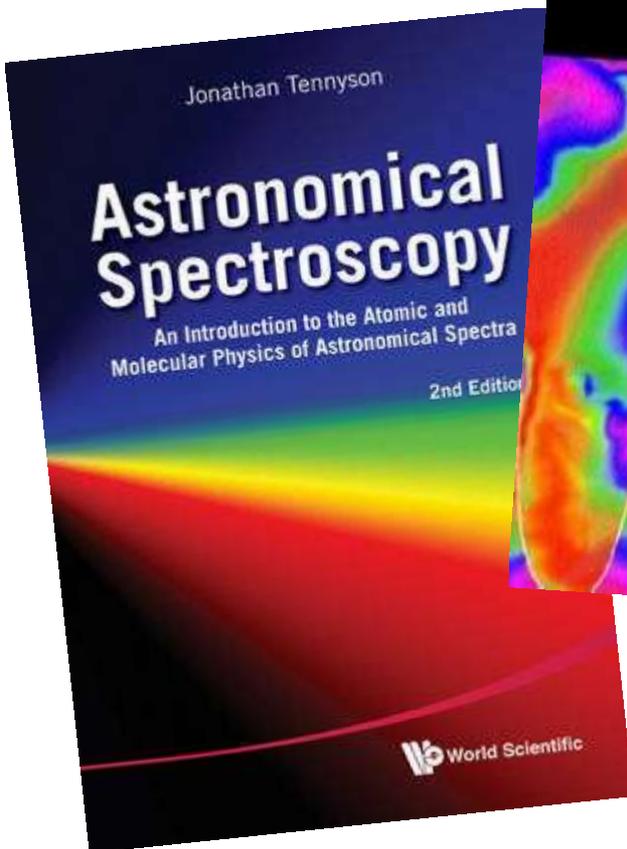
Áreas da Astronomia pelos mensageiros da informação: principalmente fótons (luz)

- Raios Cósmicos
- Neutrinos
- Ondas gravitacionais
- Meteoritos, rochas lunares, ...



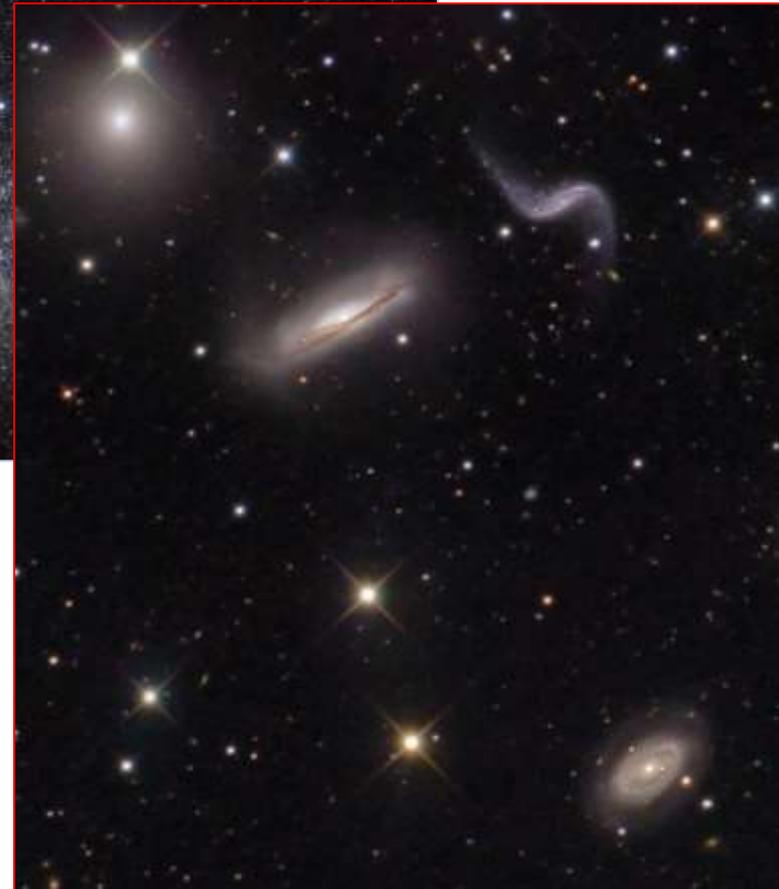
Áreas da Astronomia pela técnica observacional

Fotometria, Espectroscopia, Polarimetria, Sismologia, Interferometria, Astrometria, Coronografia, etc.



Áreas da Astronomia pelo objeto de estudo

Planetas, estrelas, galáxias

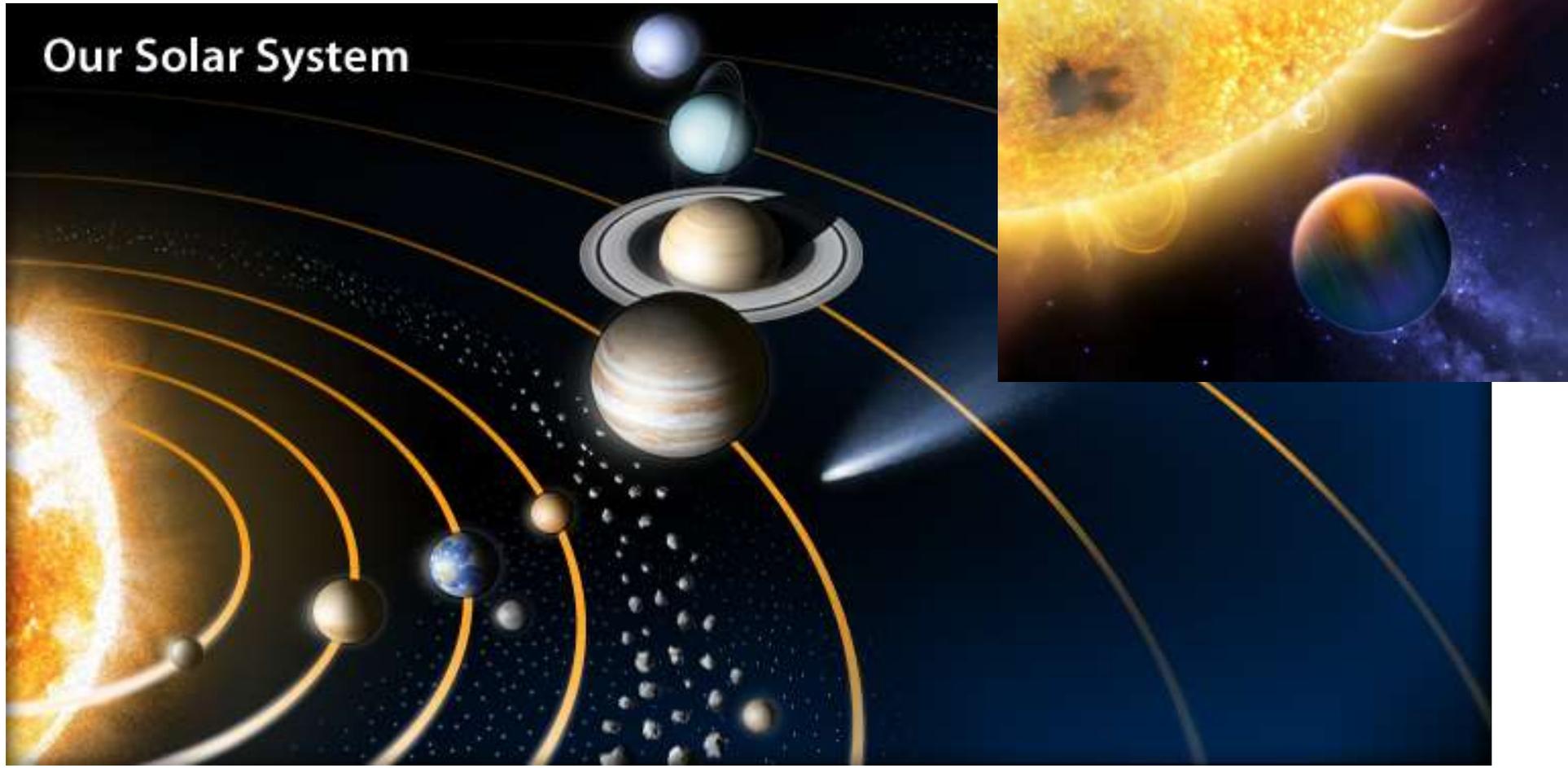


Áreas da Astronomia: PLANETAS

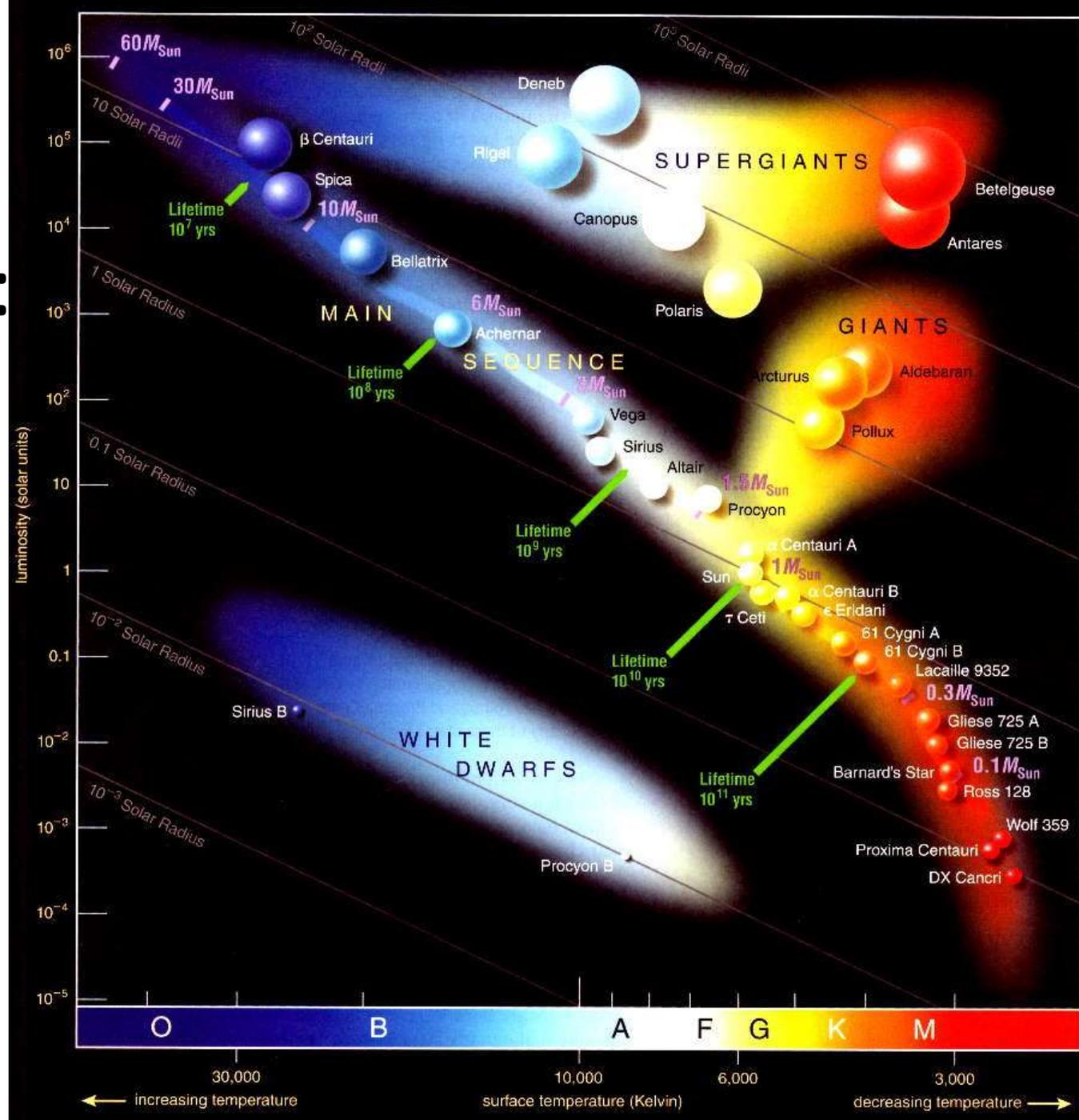
Planetas, luas, asteroides, cometas

Planetas fora do sistema solar: exoplanetas

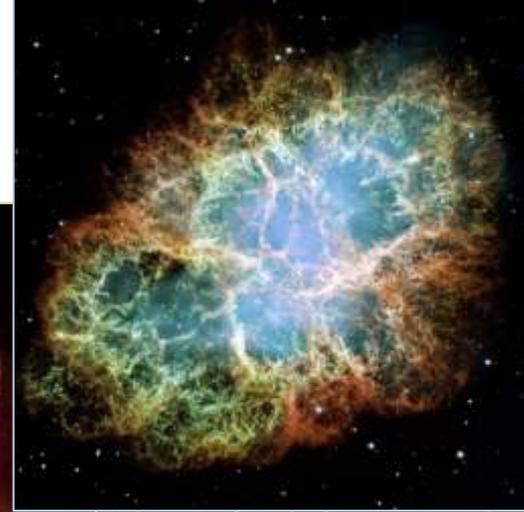
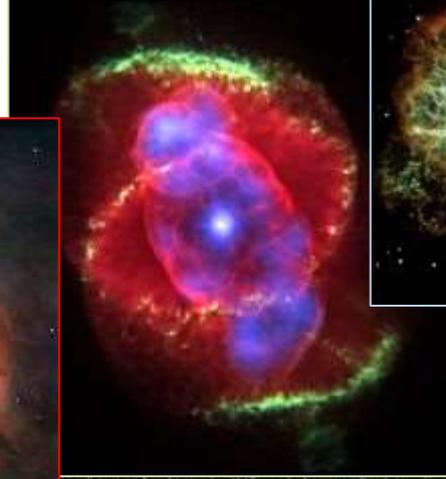
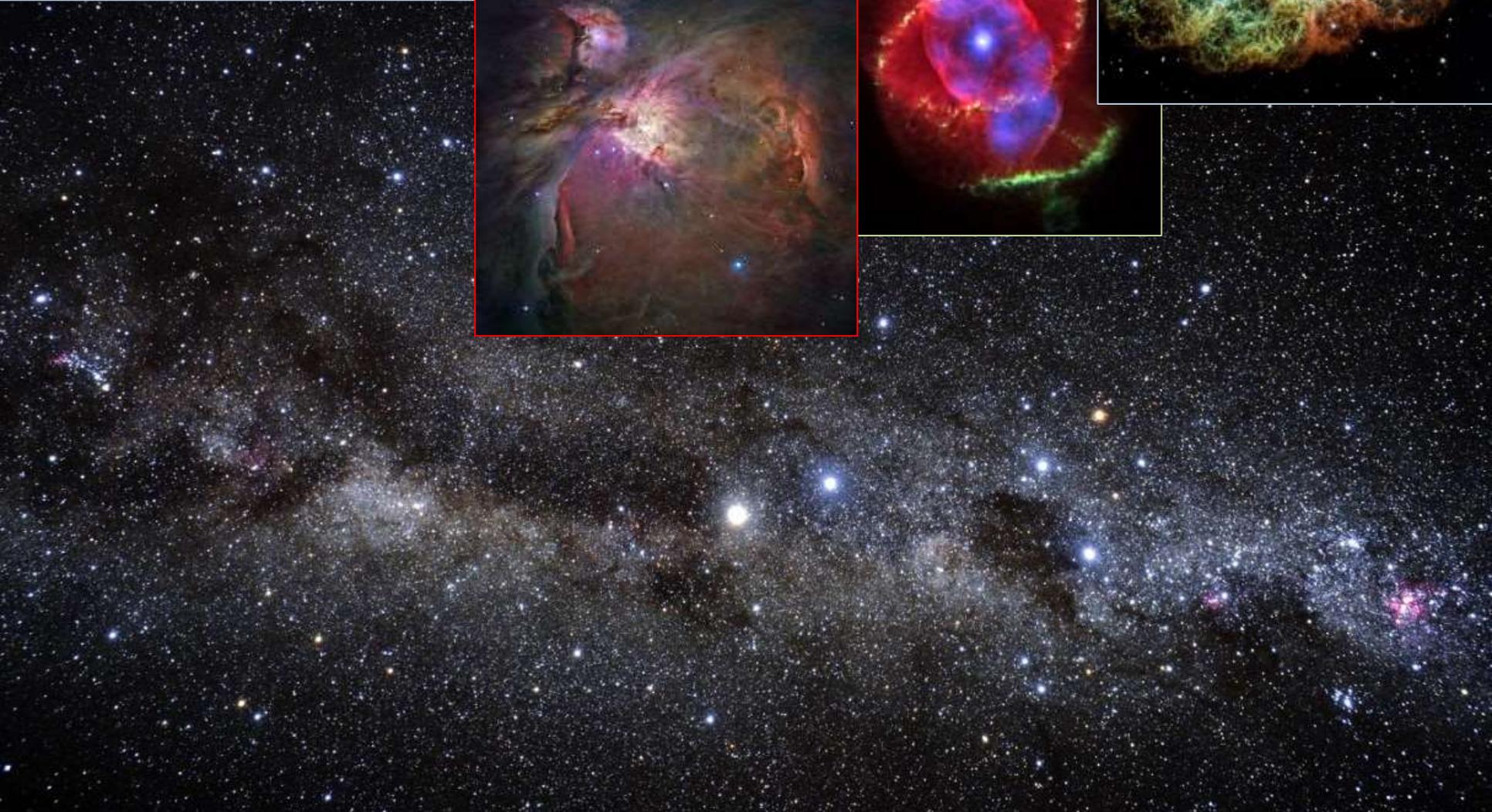
Our Solar System



Áreas da Astronomia: ESTRELAS



Áreas da Astronomia: MEIO INTERESTELAR

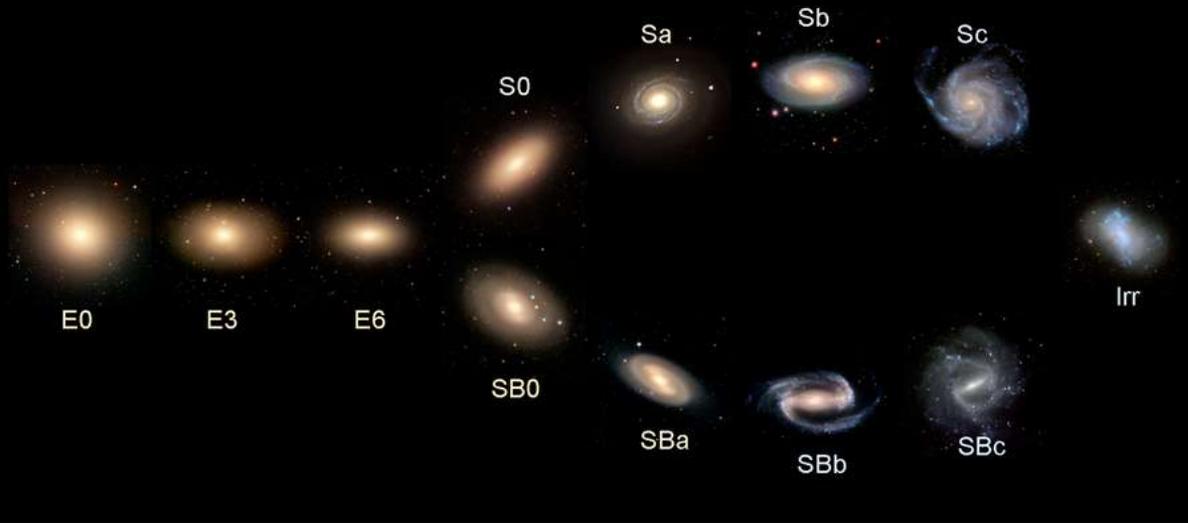


Áreas: Astronomia Galáctica (Via Láctea)

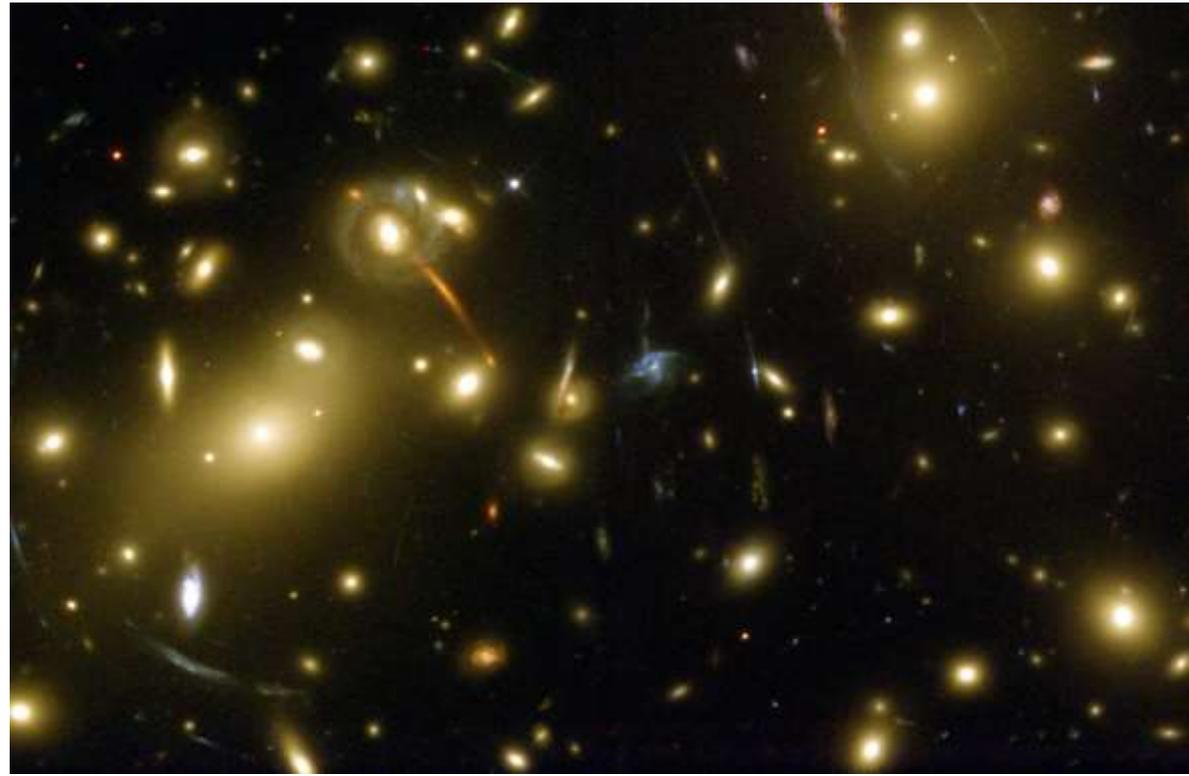
Aglomerados estelares; Populações estelares;
Evolução química; Formação; Dinâmica, SFR, ...

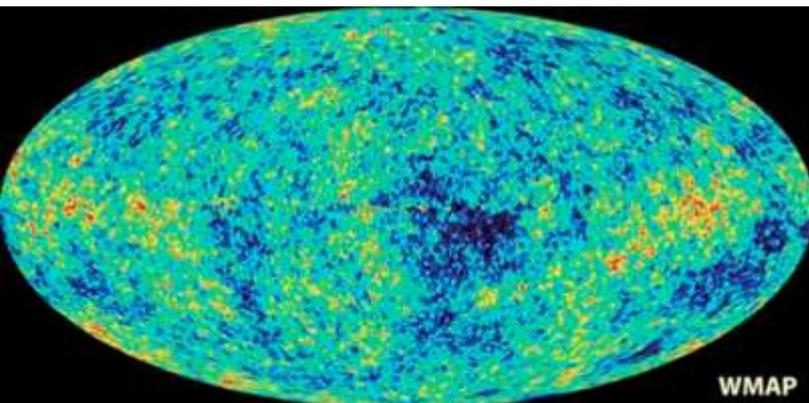
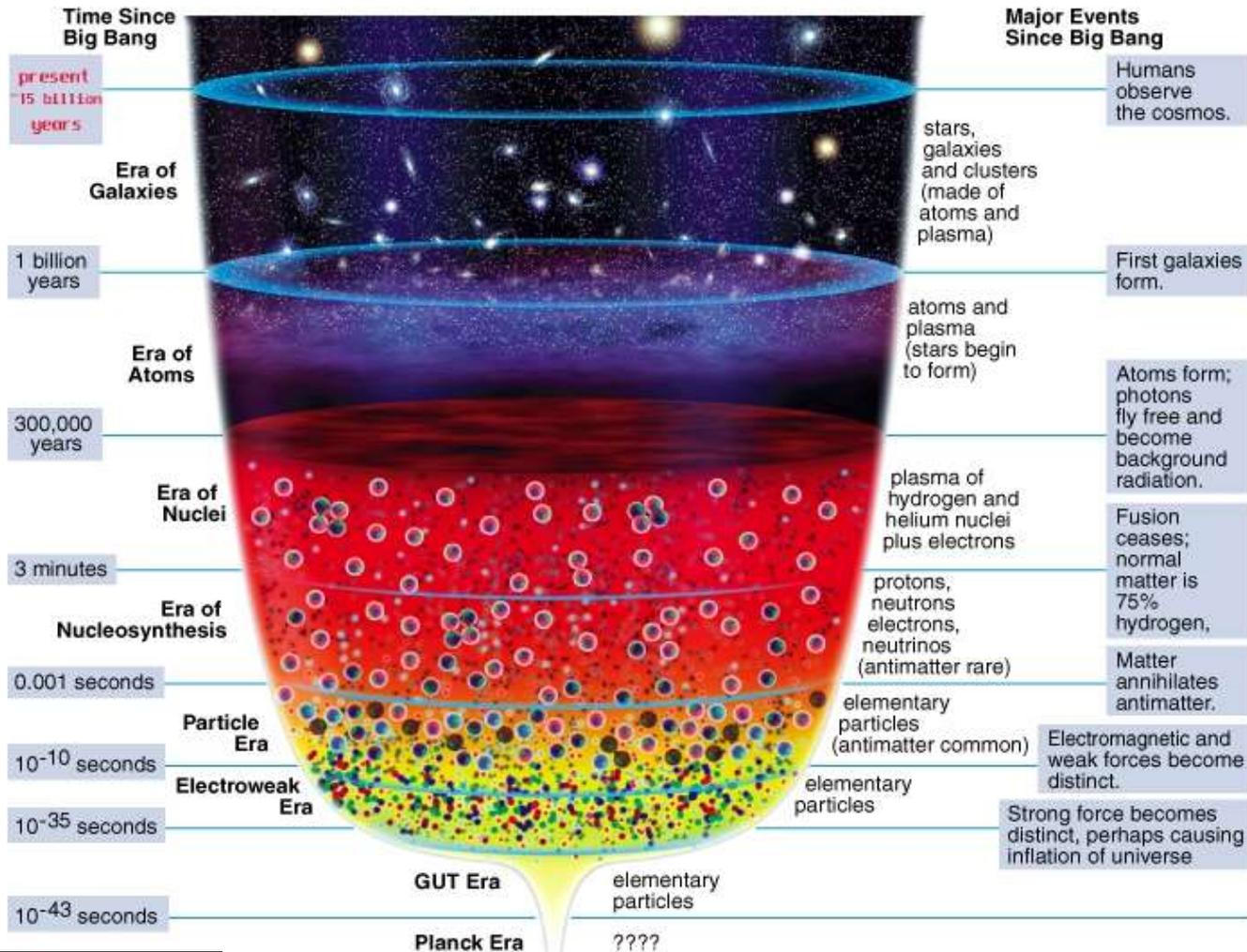
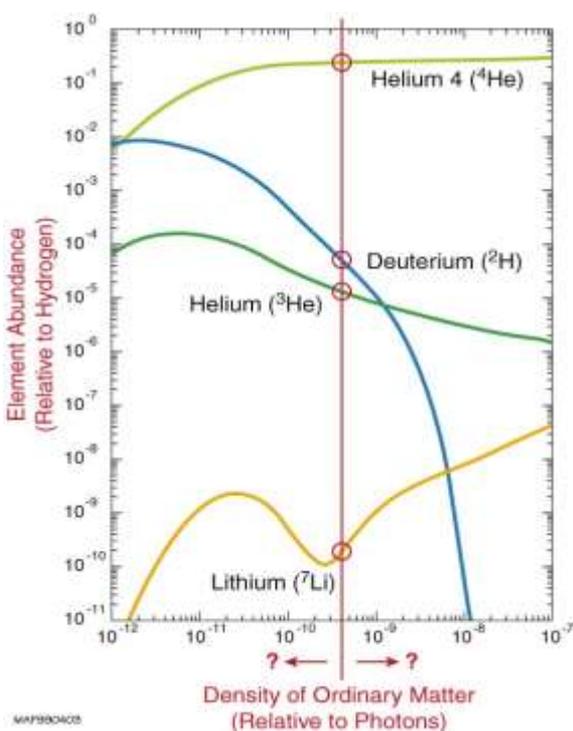


Hubble's Galaxy Classification Scheme



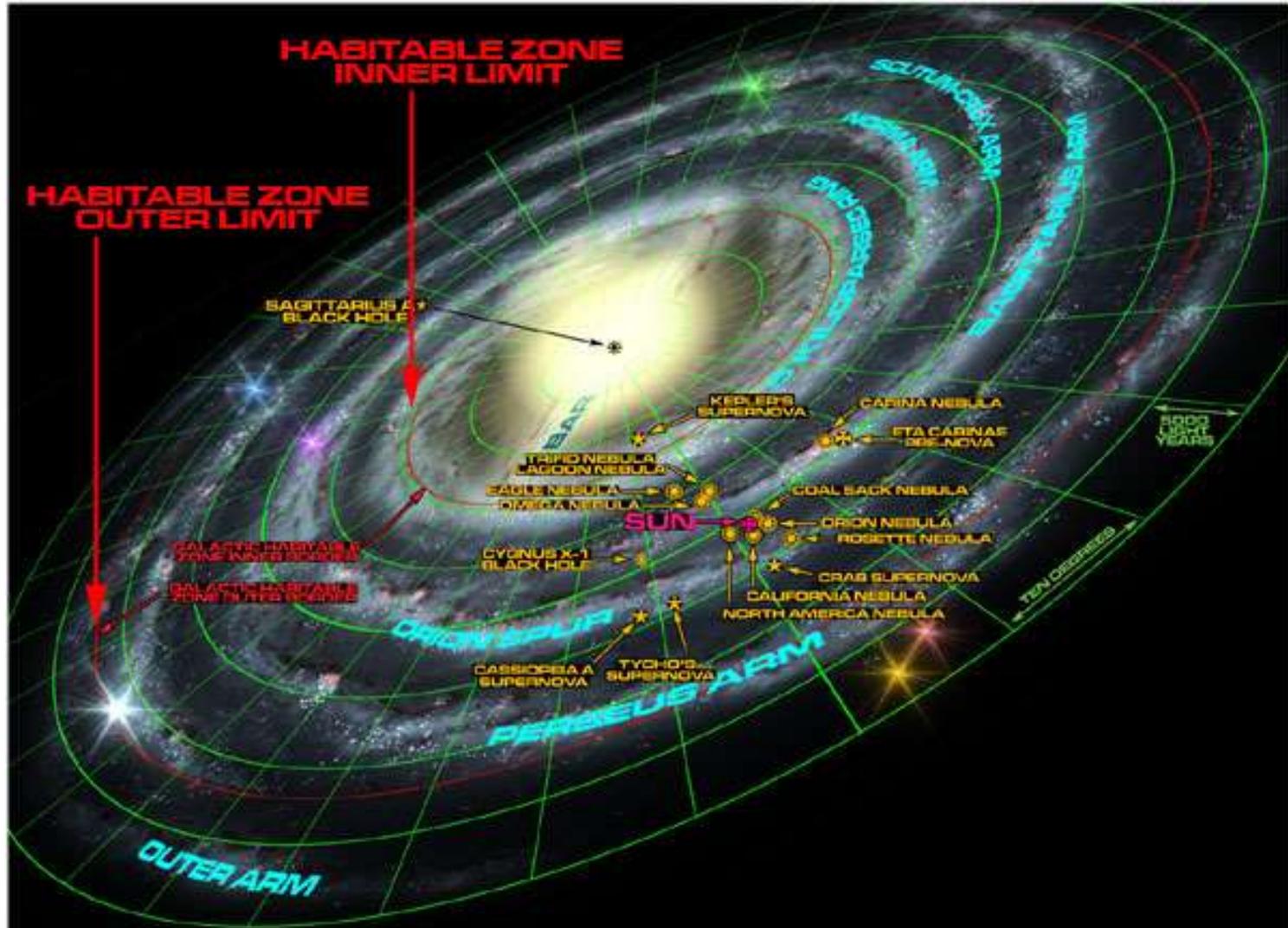
Áreas:
Astronomia
Extragaláctica





Áreas: Cosmologia

É importante conhecer diversas áreas.
Exemplo: *Zona habitável na Galáxia*



Dica #2

- Aprenda o básico do linux (sistemas ubuntu, etc)
- *ls, cd, mkdir, cp, mv, rm, chmod, more, tail*, etc.

Uso de bases de dados, e.g., SIMBAD

 Portal Simbad VizieR Aladin X-Match Other Help

<http://simbad.u-strasbg.fr/simbad/sim-fid>

SIMBAD query result

other query modes : [Identifier query](#) [Coordinate query](#) [Criteria query](#) [Reference query](#) [Basic query](#) [Script submission](#) [Output options](#) [Help](#)

Object query : alf Cen C.D.S. - SIMBAD4 rel 1.204 - 2013.03.07CET16:16:23

[Available data](#) : [Basic data](#) • [Identifiers](#) • [Plot & images](#) • [Bibliography](#) • [Measurements](#) • [External archives](#) • [Notes](#) • [Annotations](#)

Basic data :

* **alf Cen** -- Double or multiple star query around arcmin

Other object types: * (*, CPD, CSI, FK5, GC, GCRV, HD, LPM, SAO, uvby98) ; X (1E, 2E, 1ES, RE, RX, 1RXS, [TSA98]) ; ** (CCDM, **, IDS, WDS) ; UV (2EUVE, EUVE, 2RE) ; PM* (Ci, PM) ; SB* (SBC7) ; IR (IRAS)

ICRS coord. (ep=J2000): 14 39 36.204 -60 50 08.23 (~) [1500 1250 179] C ~

FK5 coord. (ep=J2000 eq=2000): 14 39 36.204 -60 50 08.23 (~) [1500 1250 0] C ~

FK4 coord. (ep=B1950 eq=1950): 14 36 11.21 -60 37 49.0 (~) [2121 1768 0] C ~

Gal coord. (ep=J2000): 315.7330 -00.6809 (~) [1500 1250 0] C ~

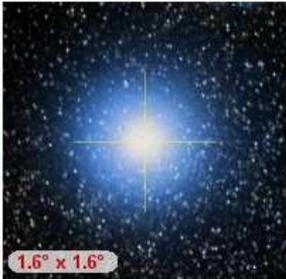
Proper motions mas/yr [error ellipse]: -3608 686 [30 25 179] C ~

Radial velocity / Redshift / cz : V (km/s) -22.3 [0.9] / z (~) -0.000074 [0.000003] / cz -22.30 [0.90] (~) A
[1979IAUS...30...57E](#)

Parallaxes mas: 742 [~] D ~

Spectral type: G+... D ~

Fluxes (2) : B 0.4 [~] D ~
V -0.1 [~] D ~



Dica #3

- Existem diversos comandos no linux que podem facilitar muito a sua vida, p.ex.: *cat*, *grep*, *awk*. Por exemplo, copiar 1a e 3a colunas de um arquivo

7041.907	0.0829	-2.995	0.0	14.	0.0	(3,0)R	5.5		
7044.129	0.0838	-2.995	0.0	14.	0.0	(3,0)R	5.5	7041.907	-2.995
7046.431	0.0938	-2.926	0.0	16.	0.0	(3,0)R	6.5	7044.129	-2.995
7050.849	0.0950	-2.926	0.0	16.	0.0	(3,0)R	6.5	7046.431	-2.926
7052.458	0.1064	-2.868	0.0	18.	0.0	(3,0)R	7.5	7050.849	-2.926
7055.964	0.0613	-2.959	0.0	16.	0.0	(3,0)R	6.5	7052.458	-2.868
7055.989	0.0615	-2.959	0.0	16.	0.0	(3,0)R	6.5	7055.964	-2.959
7059.141	0.1079	-2.867	0.0	18.	0.0	(3,0)R	7.5	7055.989	-2.959
7059.221	0.0728	-2.894	0.0	18.	0.0	(3,0)R	7.5	7059.141	-2.867
7059.992	0.1206	-2.816	0.0	20.	0.0	(3,0)R	8.5	7059.221	-2.894
7060.836	0.0732	-2.894	0.0	18.	0.0	(3,0)R	7.5	7059.992	-2.816
7063.513	0.0859	-2.838	0.0	20.	0.0	(3,0)R	8.5	7060.836	-2.894
7067.059	0.0865	-2.839	0.0	20.	0.0	(3,0)R	8.5	7063.513	-2.838
7068.885	0.1004	-2.790	0.0	22.	0.0	(3,0)R	9.5	7067.059	-2.839
7068.917	0.1224	-2.815	0.0	20.	0.0	(3,0)R	8.5	7068.885	-2.790
7069.085	0.1365	-2.769	0.0	22.	0.0	(3,0)R	9.5	7068.917	-2.815
7069.924	0.1184	-2.970	0.0	14.	0.0	(3,0)R	5.5	7069.085	-2.769
7074.352	0.1198	-2.969	0.0	14.	0.0	(3,0)R	5.5	7069.924	-2.970
7074.653	0.1013	-2.791	0.0	22.	0.0	(3,0)R	9.5	7074.352	-2.969
7075.393	0.1164	-2.747	0.0	24.	0.0	(3,0)R	10.5	7074.653	-2.791
7076.787	0.1305	-2.906	0.0	16.	0.0	(3,0)R	6.5	7075.393	-2.747
7079.707	0.1540	-2.727	0.0	24.	0.0	(3,0)R	10.5	7076.787	-2.906
7080.104	0.1385	-2.768	0.0	22.	0.0	(3,0)R	9.5	7079.707	-2.727
7081.529	0.1317	-2.905	0.0	16.	0.0	(3,0)R	6.5	7080.104	-2.768
7083.086	0.1340	-2.708	0.0	26.	0.0	(3,0)R	11.5	7081.529	-2.905
7083.685	0.1176	-2.748	0.0	24.	0.0	(3,0)R	10.5	7083.086	-2.708
								7083.685	-2.748

awk '{print \$1,\$3}' arquivo.txt > saida.txt

Dica #4

(especialmente para alunos de 3o e 4o ano)

- Aprender uma linguagem de programação (p.ex. *fortran*, *c*, *python*, *idl*, *shell script*) pode ampliar (e muito) as suas possibilidades.

for, do, while, if, else

- O pacote **IRAF** pode ser útil para análise de dados.

Dica #5

- Não se preocupe muito com o tema de pesquisa. Alias, é uma ótima oportunidade para experimentar diversas áreas ou para conhecer melhor um potencial orientador para uma pós-graduação



Exemplo: Iván Ramírez (UNMSM, Peru).
Gostava de **Galáxias** mas após iniciação científica em **Estrelas** gostou da área e decidiu trabalhar em **Astrofísica Estelar na pós-graduação ... nos Estados Unidos**

Dica #6

- Como escolher orientador? Conheça um pouco mais sobre ele:
 - Procure se o professor tem página web.
 - Pergunte a outros orientados do professor
 - Procure o currículo lattes:
<http://lattes.cnpq.br/>
 - Procure as publicações do professor no ADS:
http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abstract_service.html

[Sitemap](#) [What's New](#) [Feedback](#) [Basic Search](#) [Preferences](#) [FAQ](#) [HELP](#)

Check out [ADS Labs](#) !

Send Query

Return Query Form

Store Default Form

Clear

Databases to query: [Astronomy](#) [Physics](#) [arXiv e-prints](#)

Authors: (Last, First M, one per line) [SIMBAD](#) [NED](#) [ADS Objects](#)

[Exact name matching](#)

[Object name/position search](#)

Require author for selection

Require object for selection

(OR AND [simple logic](#))

(Combine with: OR AND)

Melendez, J.

Publication Date between

(MM)

(YYYY)

and

(MM)

(YYYY)

FILTERS

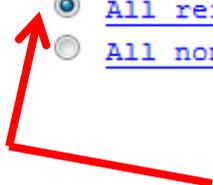
Select References From:

[All bibliographic sources](#)

Select only [articles](#)

[All refereed articles](#)

[All non-refereed publications](#)

 **Selecionar opção “refereed articles” para publicações arbitradas**

Primeiro olhar por data (default), depois por citações

Query Results from the ADS Database

[Go to bottom of page](#)

Selected and retrieved 88 abstracts.

Sort options 

Sort by citations

#	Bibcode Authors	Score Title	Date	List of Links Access Control Help	
1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2014A&A...572A.108T Thygesen, A. O.; Sbordone, L.; Andrievsky, S.; Korotin, S.; Yong, D.; Zaggia, S.; Ludwig, H.-G.; Collet, R.; Asplund, M.; Ventura, P.; and 3 coauthors	1.000	12/2014	A E F X D R C O U	The chemical composition of red giants in 47 Tucanae. I. Fundamental parameters and chemical abundance patterns
2	<input type="checkbox"/> 2014A&A...572A.108R Ramírez, I.; Meléndez, J.; Bean, J.; Asplund, M.; Bedell, M.; Monroe, T.; Casagrande, L.; Schirbel, L.; Dreizler, S.; Teske, J.; and 3 coauthors	1.000	12/2014	A E F X D R C U	The Solar Twin Planet Search. I. Fundamental parameters of the stellar sample
3	<input type="checkbox"/> 2014ApJ...795...23B Bedell, Megan; Meléndez, Jorge; Bean, Jacob L.; Ramírez, Ivan; Leite, Paulo; Asplund, Martin	1.000	11/2014	A E F X R C U	Stellar Chemical Abundances: In Pursuit of the Highest Achievable Precision
4	<input type="checkbox"/> 2014Ap&SS.354..191B Barbuy, B.; Bawden Macanhan, V.; Bristow, P.; Castilho, B.; Dekker, H.; Delabre, B.; Diaz, M.; Gneiding, C.; Kerber, F.; Kuntschner, H.; and 10 coauthors	1.000	11/2014	A E R U	CUBES: cassegrain U-band Brazil-ESO spectrograph
5	<input type="checkbox"/> 2014ApJ...791...14M Meléndez, Jorge; Ramírez, Iván; Karakas, Amanda I.; Yong, David; Monroe, TalaWanda R.; Bedell, Megan;	1.000	08/2014	A E F X D R C S U	18 Sco: A Solar Twin Rich in Refractory and Neutron-capture Elements. Implications for Chemical Tagging

Impacto científico:

4104 citações para 88 artigos arbitrados;

Média de 47 citações por artigo

Selected and retrieved 88 abstracts. Total citations: 4104



Sort options

#	Bibcode Authors	Cites Title	Date	List of Links Access Control Help
1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2010A&A...512A..54C Casagrande, L.; Ramírez, I.; Meléndez, J.; Bessell, M.; Asplund, M.	273.000 An absolutely calibrated T_{eff} scale from the infrared flux method. Dwarfs and subgiants	03/2010	A E F X D R C S O U
2	<input type="checkbox"/> 2005ApJ...626..465R Ramírez, Iván; Meléndez, Jorge	266.000 The Effective Temperature Scale of FGK Stars. II. T_{eff} :Color:[Fe/H] Calibrations	06/2005	A E F X D R C S O U
3	<input type="checkbox"/> 2011A&A...530A.138C Casagrande, L.; Schönrich, R.; Asplund, M.; Cassisi, S.; Ramírez, I.; Meléndez, J.; Bensby, T.; Feltzing, S.	205.000 New constraints on the chemical evolution of the solar neighbourhood and Galactic disc(s). Improved astrophysical parameters for the Geneva-Copenhagen Survey	06/2011	A E F X D R C S O U
4	<input type="checkbox"/> 2005A&A...443..735C Coelho, P.; Barbuy, B.; Meléndez, J.; Schiavon, R. P.; Castilho, B. V.	166.000 A library of high resolution synthetic stellar spectra from 300 nm to 1.8 μm with solar and α -enhanced composition	11/2005	A E F X D R C S O U
5	<input type="checkbox"/> 2005AJ...129..303C Cohen, Judith G.; Meléndez, Jorge	145.000 Abundances in a Large Sample of Stars in M3 and M13	01/2005	A E F X D R C S U
6	<input type="checkbox"/> 2004ApJ...615L..33M Meléndez, Jorge; Ramírez, Iván	129.000 Reappraising the Spite Lithium Plateau: Extremely Thin and Marginally Consistent with WMAP Data	11/2004	A E F X D R C S U H
7	<input type="checkbox"/> 2008A&A...484L..21M Meléndez, J.; Asplund, M.; Alves-Brito, A.; Cunha, K.; Barbuy, B.; Bessell, M. S.; Chiappini, C.; Freeman, K. C.; Ramírez, I.; Smith, V. V.; Yong, D.	124.000 Chemical similarities between Galactic bulge and local thick disk red giant stars	06/2008	A E F X D R C S U
8	<input type="checkbox"/> 2009ApJ...704L..66M Meléndez, J.; Asplund, M.; Gustafsson, B.; Yong, D.	123.000 The Peculiar Solar Composition and Its Possible Relation to Planet Formation	10/2009	A E F X D R C S U

Índice h (*h-index*) e índice *m*.

Para isso usar ordenar por citações (h-index: #ordem = #citações)

34	2010A&A...521A..33R	41.000	10/2010	A	E	F	X	R	C	S	U	
Ramírez, I.; Asplund, M.; Baumann, P.; Meléndez, J.; Bensby, T.		A possible signature of terrestrial planet formation in the chemical composition of solar analogs										
35	2007ApJ...659L.161C	40.000	04/2007	A	E	F	X	R	C	S	U	
Cohen, Judith G.; McWilliam, Andrew; Christlieb, Norbert; Shtetman, Stephen; Thompson, Ian; Melendez, Jorge; Wisotzki, Lutz; Reimers, Dieter		A New Type of Extremely Metal-poor Star										
36	2010A&A...516L..13B	38.000	06/2010	A	E	F	X	R	C	S	U	
Bensby, T.; Alves-Brito, A.; Oey, M. S.; Yong, D.; Meléndez, J.		The first chemical abundance analysis of K giants in the inner Galactic disc										
37	2006ApJ...641L.133M	38.000	04/2006	A	E	F	X	R	C	S	U	
Meléndez, Jorge; Dodds-Eden, Katie; Robles, José A.		HD 98618: A Star Closely Resembling Our Sun										
38	2011A&A...526L...4B	36.000	02/2011	A	E	F	X	D	R	C	S	U
Bazot, M.; Ireland, M. J.; Huber, D.; Bedding, T. R.; Broomhall, A.-M.; Campante, T. L.; Carfantan, H.; Chaplin, W. J.; Elsworth, Y.; Meléndez, J.; and 21 coauthors		The radius and mass of the close solar twin 18 Scorpii derived from asteroseismology and interferometry										

h-index ~ 37

m-index = h-index/#anos_publicando

m = 37/15 anos = 2,5

Também existem potenciais orientadores fora do IAG

- IF/USP
- Mackenzie: p.ex. Sol, exoplanetas
- UNICSUL: p. ex. Populações estelares
- UNESP: cosmologia teórica

Vantagens de fazer IC sem bolsa

- Pode “testar” por alguns meses se realmente gosta do projeto
- Pode experimentar diversos orientadores em projetos mais curtos (3 – 6 meses)
- Poderá ser considerado no futuro para solicitação de bolsa pelo orientador
- Dica: por exemplo fazer IC de dezembro a fevereiro/março e se gostar pedir ao orientador solicitação de bolsa PIBIC em março-abril

Bolsas: USP, FAPESP

- **Fique atento às datas para bolsas PIBIC da USP (período de inscrição tipicamente entre fevereiro e abril, para começar em agosto)**
- Outras bolsas: por ex. INCT-A ou outros projetos
- Bolsas de outros projetos USP
- Bolsas FAPESP individuais
- Bolsas FAPESP de projetos temáticos

Iniciação Científica no Exterior

- Aproveitar “verão” (nosso inverno) para fazer iniciação científica no exterior. Tb verão *Aussie*
- Diversas oportunidades nos Estados Unidos, Europa, Austrália
- Vantagem: geralmente o pagamento é bom, US\$400-600 por semana.
- Dificuldade: geralmente só tem apoio para passagem aérea dentro do país, mas às vezes tem apoio para alunos de fora (p.ex., STSci)
- Também é possível fazer estágio de IC no exterior usando bolsas BEPE da FAPESP

Iniciação Científica no Exterior: Europa

<http://www.strw.leidenuniv.nl/summerstudents/>

Ótima oportunidade para alunos do último ano da graduação e do mestrado

The Leiden/ESA Astrophysics Program for Summer Students (LEAPS)

Leiden Observatory and ESA are pleased to welcome applications for the third edition of the LEAPS program. LEAPS is an opportunity for students with an interest in astronomy and astrophysics to perform a 10-12 week summer research project in collaboration with a research scientist from Leiden Observatory or ESA. The program is open to all students not currently engaged in a Ph.D. program, although we are most interested in students at the senior-undergraduate or masters level who are enthusiastic about research in astrophysics. Students will be selected for the program based on their academic achievements and research potential, and will be matched to staff projects based on what they indicate their scientific interests to be. Research at Leiden Observatory and ESA takes place on a diverse array of topics (see below), and student projects will likely consist of anything from the analysis of data from world-class telescopes, to large computer simulations, to hands-on work in the astrochemistry laboratories.

Projects will begin in June 2015 and end before mid-September 2015. We expect to make as many as 20 appointments this year, depending on interest and the match of projects to students interests and skills. Details on the application process can be found below.

Fully-completed applications received by **February 6, 2015** will receive full consideration

Iniciação Científica no Exterior: Estados Unidos

- Para IC nos Estados Unidos procure no google por “**REU**” (*Research Experiences for Undergraduates*), ou melhor ainda “*REU Astronomy*”
- Fique atento às datas. Alguns programas não aceitam estudantes estrangeiros ou não pagam a passagem aérea.
- No geral as inscrições são aprox. em Jan-Fev (ou até março) para começar o estagio em Junho ou Julho

Iniciação Científica no Exterior

<http://www.stsci.edu/institute/smo/students/current>

Space Astronomy Summer Program

The 2015 Space Astronomy Summer Program



[SASP Home](#)

[2015 Program](#)

[Application Information](#)

[After You're Accepted](#)

[Working at STScI](#)

[Living in Baltimore](#)

[FAQ](#)

[2015 Poster](#) 

[2014 Student Presentations](#)

US\$600/week
+ travel
+ 1/3 housing

SASP 2015 Program Details

The 2015 summer program will run for **10 weeks, starting Monday, June 15th, and ending Friday, August 21th**. Unfortunately, we cannot accept participants requiring other start dates, or who cannot stay for at least 9 weeks of the 10-week program. This year will be the 23rd consecutive year for the STScI Summer Student Program.

Summer Student Stipend and Subsidies

The intern stipend for the 2015 SASP will be \$600 per week or \$6000 for the summer. A travel and partial housing subsidy will be given to students.

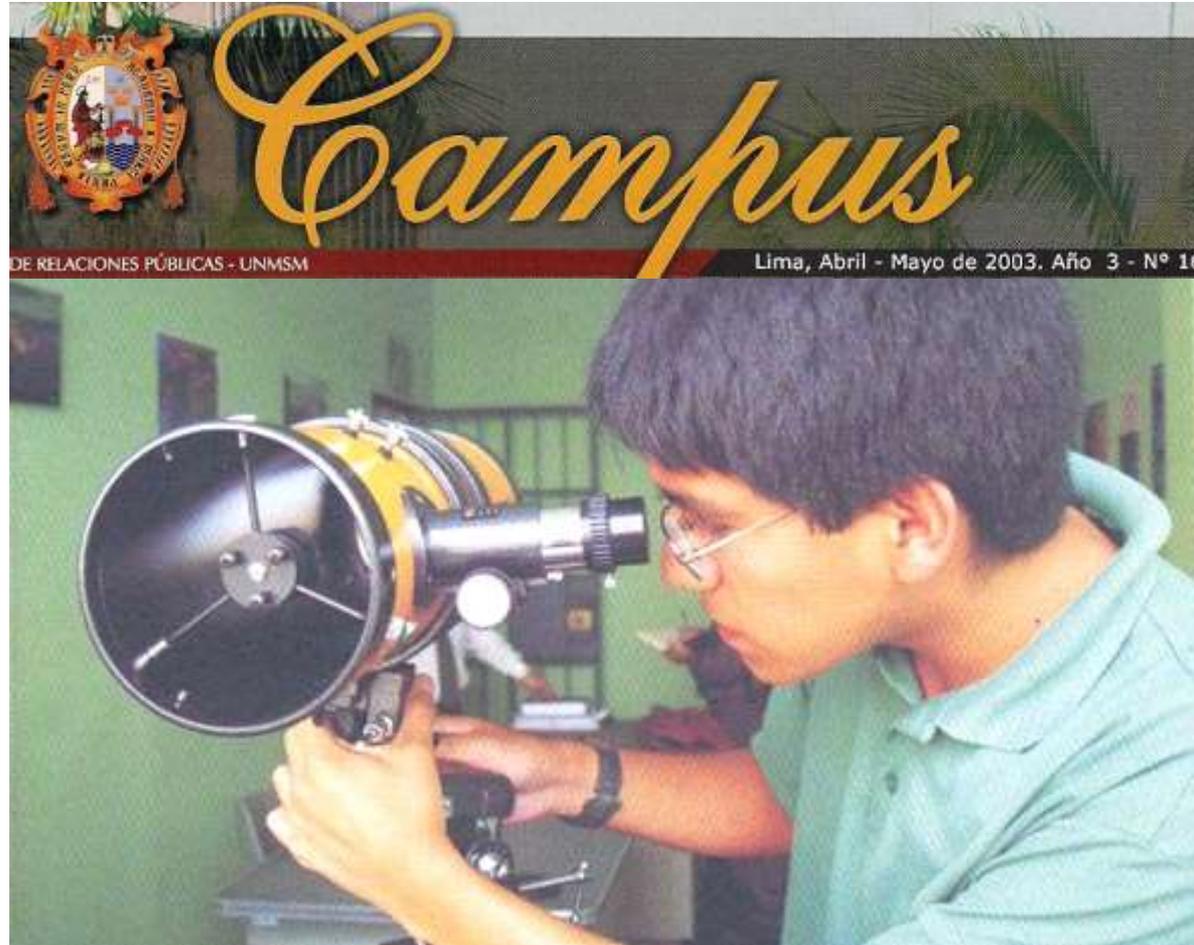
A travel subsidy will include round-trip travel to Baltimore MD, by air, train or personal vehicle. Coordinated student housing will be offered to the SASP students. STScI will subsidize roughly 1/3 of the housing costs for students who use this housing option. See the [Living in Baltimore](#) page for more housing options.

Applications

Applications will be accepted beginning **January 1 through January 31, 2015**.

Iniciação Científica no Exterior

Space Telescope Science Institute 2003



Iván Ramírez: meu estudante peruano selecionado para estagio de IC no *Space Science Telescope Institute*

Austrália

<http://www.aao.gov.au/students/aaosf.html>



AAO Student Fellowship Program

Applications for AAO Student Fellowships are now being accepted.

We are now accepting applications for the June - September 2013 program. Applications should be submitted, following the detailed instructions below. The deadline for applications is **15 February 2013**.

[Introduction](#)

[How to apply](#)

[Frequently asked questions](#)

[Astronomy Research at the AAO](#)

[Words of encouragement](#)

[Other Astronomy Studentships in Australia](#)

[Return to AAO Home Page](#)

Introduction

Opportunities exist for undergraduate students who have completed not less than 2 years of full time course work in Astronomy, Astrophysics, Applied Physics, Engineering, Mathematics or related subjects to work at the Australian Astronomical Observatory on research projects under the individual supervision of AAO staff astronomers. In addition to **astronomical research**, a major part of the Observatory's core business is **astronomical instrumentation** for optical/infrared telescopes, and studentships are available in this area as well. This provides good opportunities for students who seek experience in photonics, electronics, software, mechanical and systems engineering, and benefits from the AAO's close ties to astrophotonics research groups at **Macquarie University** and the **University of Sydney**.

Historically the AAO Student Fellowship program (akin to internship programs elsewhere) has catered primarily to UK students during their summer break (the Australian winter), and to Australian students during their summer break. However, the AAO is keen to expand

**DEADLINE: 15/2/2013
or 31/8/2013**

**Student fellowships
at the
Australian Astronomical Observatory
and
Gemini South Observatory**

Opportunities exist for science and engineering students with at least two years undergraduate experience to carry out 10-12 weeks of paid research at the Australian Astronomical Observatory in Sydney or at the Gemini South Observatory in Chile.

Application deadline:
31 August

Full details and application procedure:
<http://www.aao.gov.au/students>

- › Home
 - › Staff
 - › Research
 - › Publications
 - › Jobs
 - › **Study**
 - › Postgraduate
 - › PhD Topics
 - › Current Students
 - › PhD Lectures
 - › Vacation Scholarships
 - › Outreach
 - › Swinburne Astronomy Online
 - › Supercomputing
 - › Swinburne 3D Productions
 - › Internal
-
- › FICT Home
 - › Physics @ Swinburne

› [Centre for Astrophysics and Supercomputing](#) › [Study](#) › [Vacation Scholarships](#)

Vacation Scholarships in Astronomy at CAS

The Centre for Astrophysics & Supercomputing (CAS) accepts applications for Vacation Scholarships from enthusiastic university students with excellent scholastic records who are in the last, or second last, year of their undergraduate or Honours/Masters degree.

With 16 research faculty and more than 30 post-docs and PhD students, CAS is a vibrant, friendly environment for [studying most fields of astronomy](#). Swinburne astronomers have guaranteed access to the twin [Keck 10-m Telescopes in Hawaii](#) - the world's premier optical observatory - and CAS owns and operates one of Australia's most powerful supercomputers - [The Green Machine](#). We also develop advanced immersive 3D data visualization facilities and create [3-D animations and movies](#) promoting and explaining astronomy to the broader community.

Swinburne's [Hawthorn campus](#) is situated in a lively, urban setting just minutes by public transport from Melbourne's city centre.

Our Vacation Scholarship program aims to provide undergraduate students with some insight into how exciting research is and how it is conducted. Students will join a research project, or maybe help start a new one, in one of the many areas of astronomy in which [CAS staff and post-docs](#) are experts. The various [projects on offer](#) are listed below. Projects can involve all aspects of astronomical research, from proposing or carrying out new telescope observations, to analysing some of the data or conducting theoretical calculations or advanced simulations. Many previous students have eventually published peer-reviewed research articles on some of their Vacation Scholarship research.

Applications can be made at any time throughout the year. We particularly encourage applicants to work over the summer months, December to February.

This program is open to undergraduates at Australian & New Zealand universities. Applications from students outside of Australia & New Zealand with exceptional scholastic records may also be considered.

Scholarships will generally last between 6 and 10 weeks, to be negotiated between the student and their nominated supervisor. Vacation Scholars are paid a tax-free stipend of \$500 per week. CAS will also pay for one return trip from within Australia & New Zealand to Melbourne for eligible students.

Applications should include the following:

- **A cover letter (see below for further information);**
- **A copy of your official academic record, including an explanation of the grading system used;**
- **Your Curriculum Vitae;**
- **Any supporting documentation of previous research.**

Applicants should also ask a lecturer or supervisor at their current university to send a letter of recommendation. This should be sent by the lecturer/supervisor directly; applicants should not include reference letters in their own application.

Applications and reference letters should be emailed to [Dr. Thibault Garel](mailto:Dr.Thibault.Garel) (tgarel@astro.swin.edu.au) with the above information attached

Australian National University

<http://rsaa.anu.edu.au/study/undergraduate-research/summer-research>

Usually only from Australia and NZ, mas se tiver interesse pode entrar em contato

What about

Iniciação Científica + Artigo em
revista internacional + Divulgação ?

Tudo isso em 3-4 meses !

Katie Dodds-Eden fez isso, sob minha
orientação de dezembro/2005 a
março/2006 na Australian National
University

Segunda gêmea solar identificada em 2006: HD 98618

THE ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL, 641:L133–L136, 2006 April 20

© 2006. The American Astronomical Society. All rights reserved. Printed in U.S.A.

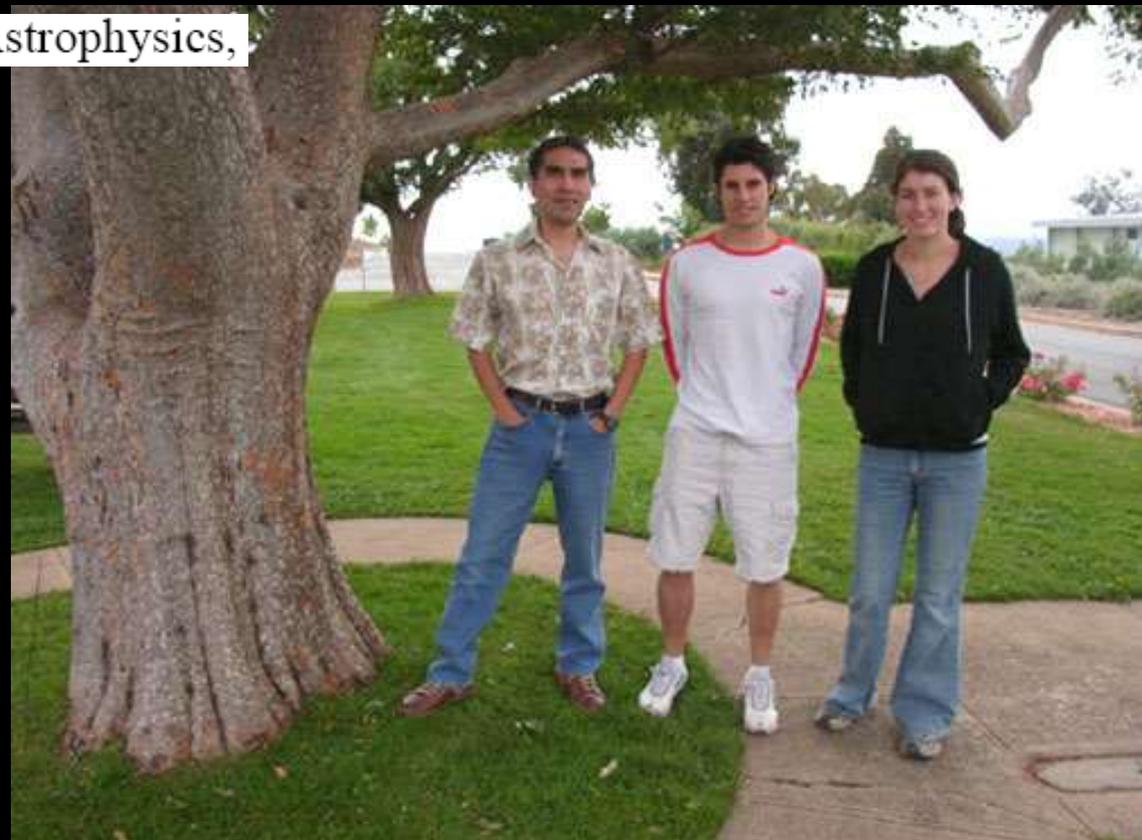
HD 98618: A STAR CLOSELY RESEMBLING OUR SUN¹

JORGE MELÉNDEZ,² KATIE DODDS-EDEN, AND JOSÉ A. ROBLES

Research School of Astronomy and Astrophysics,

Mount Stromlo Observatory

- Projeto de iniciação científica de Katie Dodds-Eden



Destaque na imprensa de projeto de IC da Katie

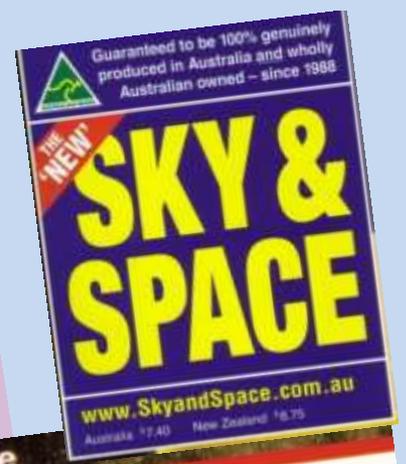
<http://www.20minutos.es/noticia/107450/0/sol/estrella/astronomos/>
Astrónomos australianos descubren una estrella idéntica al Sol

Se llama HD98618 y es prácticamente idéntica al Sol: tiene su misma edad, su mismo tamaño, su misma temperatura y su misma composición, según los científicos de la Escuela de Astronomía australiana.

Los expertos esperan que este hallazgo ayude a



El mellizo del (Imagen: Web)



A Solar Twin in the
 By Ken Crowell
 March 10, 2006



A yellow star in the Big Dipper's bow scientists search the star for signs of

Solar twins are stars with the same more light than the typical star in the extraterrestrial intelligence.

Jorge Meléndez, Katie Dodds-Eden high-resolution spectra of HD 98618, 126 light-years from Earth, almost

WEEKLY | NEWS IDEAS INNOVATION

NewScientist

11 April 2006 No2546 Australia \$4.50 (Inc.GST) New Zealand NZ\$4.95 (Inc.GST) Print Post Approved 230009/00015

SUN'S TWIN IS STRONG CANDIDATE FOR LIFE

Astronomers have found a twin of the sun, the first such star to be spotted in a decade and only the second ever. They say that these stars are our best bets for finding Earth-like planets with life on them.

Jorge Meléndez, Katie Dodds-Eden and José Robles of Mount Stromlo Observatory near Canberra, Australia.

have roughly the same concentration of heavy elements as the sun. These elements are crucial to the formation of Earth-like planets and the emergence of life (www.arxiv.org/astro-ph/060321)

Another cause for optimism is the absence of "hot Jupiters", massive gas giants orbiting close to each star whose gravity could destabilise the orbits of

News Update



with Dave Reneke

New solar twin sheds light on twin Earth

Astronomers at the Australian National University (ANU) have discovered a nearby solar twin which may shed light on the search for Earth-like planets capable of supporting life.

and to the other closest Sun twin, a star known as 18 Scorpii, which was discovered a decade ago.

The spin-offs of this discovery are tantalising. Solar twins are ideal for the absolute calibration of astronomical measuring instruments. They can provide data useful in modelling the solar phenomena that may affect climate change and will help settle the argument about the uniqueness of otherwise of our Sun and Solar System.

With a number of sample stars to study, HD 98618 was one of the last on the list to be analysed. Team members were quite surprised when they discovered how it stood out from the other candidates along with 18 Scorpii. "It was very exciting - I had to blink twice to be sure I wasn't imagining it," Ms Dodds-Eden said.

The researchers made the discovery using the largest telescope in the world, the 10metre Keck I telescope on the summit of Hawaii's dormant Mauna Kea volcano. A paper detailing this amazing discovery is expected to be published shortly.
 Source: ANU



A colour-enhanced close-up around the newly discovered HD 98618, one of the most Sun-like stars

New 'earthly' planet found in our galaxy

A ground-breaking discovery in the search for planets that may support life in our galaxy has been made by an international team of astronomers, with much critical data provided by